

Working together for a world without waste



Options for recycled concrete aggregates and WRAP tools

John Barritt WRAP Special Advisor





Construction aggregate market

Recycled aggregates in unbound and bound applications

WRAP and resource efficiency in construction



End use of all construction aggregates





UK Aggregates Market 2010







British/European Aggregate Standards



WIOF

Working together for

a world without waste

BS EN 13242 – Aggregates for Unbound & Hydraulically bound mixtures BS EN 13043 – Aggregates for Bituminous Mixtures and surface treatments BS EN 12620 – Aggregates for Concrete

Aggregates may be produced from natural, recycled or manufactured materials



BS EN 12620 – Aggregates for Concrete

BS EN 206-1 Specification for constituent materials and concrete

BS 8500-2:2006 Concrete. Complementary British Standard to BS EN 206-1.

WIGP

Working together for a world without waste



Aggregate Research Programme

Performance Related Approach to Use of Recycled Aggregates



The project was carried out to investigate the possibility of using an alternative method for classifying recycled aggregates that would overcome the current barriers and concerns with recycled aggregate that restricts their specification and use in concrete.

Project code: A000074 Research date: January 2005 – January 2007 ISBN: 1-84405-302-4 Date: February 2007 Recycled aggregates as **coarse** aggregate for concrete:

Limitations within concrete standard restrict use

Viable technical options for non structural concrete

>20% in structural concrete increases water demand, cement content and carbon

Use should be close to crushing operation to prevent high transport carbon

Department for Transport http://www.dft.gov.uk/ha/standards/mchw/vol1/

Safe roads, Reliable journeys, Informed travellers

9 | May | 2011

Home	Manual of Contra	ct Documents for Highway Works
FAQs	Volume 1 - Specific	cation for Highway Works
DMRB	Document Number	Document Name
► MCHW	November 2009 ame	ndments
IANs	-	Introduction
NMM and RWSC	Series 0000	Introduction
Pilots and Trials	Series 0100	Preliminaries
Further Technical	Series 0200	Site Clearance
Information	Series 0300	Fencing
🗗 HA PartnerNet	Series 0400	Road Restraint System (Vehicle and Pedestrian)
The Traffic Systems & Signing Registry	Series 0500	Drainage and Service Ducts
Future Documents	Series 0600	Earthworks
Copyright	Series 0700	Road Pavements
Links		General
Feedback	Series 0800	Road Pavements - Unbound, Cement and Other Hy
Accessibility	Series 0900	Road Pavements - Bituminous Bound Materials
Help Sitemap	Series 1000	Road Pavements - Concrete Materials
Direiniup		

P

Document Number	Document Name				
November 2009 ame	ndments				
Series 0000	Introduction				
Series 0100	Preliminaries				
Series 0200	Site Clearance				
Series 0300	Fencing				
Series 0400	Road Restraint System (Vehicle and Pedestrian)				
Series 0500	Drainage and Service Ducts				
Series 0600	Earthworks				
Series 0700	Road Pavements General				
Series 0800	Road Pavements - Unbound, Cement and Other Hydraulically Bound Mixtures				
Series 0900	Road Pavements - Bituminous Bound Materials				
Series 1000	Road Pavements - Concrete Materials				

Application and Series ►	Pipe Bedding	Embank- ment and Fill	Capping	Unbound Mixtures for Sub-base	Hydraulically Bound Mixtures for Sub-base and Base	Bitumen Bound Layers	PQ Concrete
Material 🔻	500	600	600	800	800	900	1000
Blast furnace Slag	✓	✓	√	~	1	1	~
Burnt Colliery Spoil	x	✓	√	✓	1	x	x
China Clay Sand/Stent	✓	✓	√	✓	1	✓	~
Coal Fly Ash/Pulverised Fuel Ash (CFA/PFA)	1	~	√	x	-	~	~
Foundry Sand	√	√	√	✓	1	~	✓
Furnace Bottom Ash (FBA)	1	~	~	x	-	z	x
Incinerator Bottom Ash Aggregate (IBAA)	1	~	*	~	 		
Phosphoric Slag	√	√	√	√	 A A 		
Recycled Aggregate	√	√	√	√	 ✓ 	子和名言	1.2.1
Recycled Asphalt	✓	✓	✓	1	 Image: A second s		
Recycled Concrete	✓	✓	✓	1	✓		
Recycled Glass	√	✓	√	√	1	the quality p	orotorol
Slate Aggregate	1	✓	√	1	1		igniçalı kin no hadı
Spent Oil Shale/Blaise	x	✓	√	✓	 ✓ 		
Steel Slag	1	✓	√	1	 ✓ 		
Unburnt Colliery Spoil	x	✓	x	x	1		wrap



Resource efficiency in construction







1.0	Intro	duction	6
2.0	The c	ase for action	8
	2.1	Materials resource efficiency	
	2.2	Drivers for reducing waste	13
3.0	The fi	ve principles of Designing out Waste	14
	3.1	Design for Reuse and Recovery	18
	3.2	Design for Off Site Construction	20
	3.3	Design for Materials Optimisation	23
	3.4	Design for Waste Efficient Procurement	24
	3.5	Design for Deconstruction and Flexibility	27
4.0	Proie	ct application of the five Designing out Waste principles	28
	4.1	Client brief and designers' appointments	31
		RIBA Stage A/B: Appraisal and strategic brief	32
		RIBA Stage C: Outline proposal	
		RIBA Stage D: Detailed proposals	
	4.5	RIBA Stage E: Technical design	
5.0	Desig	n review process	42
6.0	Suaa	ested waste reduction initiatives	46
	6.1	Design for Reuse and Recovery	48
	6.2	Design for Off Site Construction	50
	6.3	Design for Materials Optimisation	51
	6.4	Design for Waste Efficient Procurement	52
	6.5	Design for Deconstruction and Flexibility	53
Anne	ndix A	The Construction Commitments: Halving Waste to Landfill	56
		- Drivers for reducing waste	57



WIGP

Working together for a world without waste

Part 1: Design Guide

Design for: Reuse and Recovery Offsite Construction Materials Optimisation Waste Efficient Procurement Deconstruction and Flexibility

1	Intr	oduction	•			
1		e for action	12			
	2.1	Materials resource efficiency	14			
	2.2	Drivers for reducing waste	15			
	2.3	Waste management regulation	17			
_	2.4	Demonstrating waste reduction	19			
)	The five principles of Designing out Waste					
	3.1	Introduction	24			
	3.2	Design for Reuse and Recovery	24			
	3.3	Design for Off Site Construction	36			
	3.4	Design for Materials Optimisation	39			
	3.5	Design for Waste Efficient Procurement	42			
	3.6	Design for Deconstruction and Flexibility	44			
	Pro	ect application of the five Designing out Waste principles	46			
	4.1	Client brief and designers' appointments	48			
	4.2	Project stages for civil engineering	48			
	4.3	New construction	49			
	4.4	Maintenance and refurbishment	57			
	4.5	Use of WRAP tools	63			
		And the second sec				
)		igning out Waste process	64			
	5.1	Overview	66			
	5.2	Value management process and workshops	67			
	5.3	Workshop structure	48			

Appendices 72 A The Construction Commitments: Halving Waste to Landfill 74 3 Drivers for reducing waste 75

wrap

Working together for a world without waste

Demolition and site clearance

Fencing and safety barriers

Technical solution	Development site infrastructure	Flood defence	Coastal protection	Drainage
Earthworks including landscaping				Earthworks including landscaping
Balance cut/fill quantities	1	1	1	
Lime or cement to dry out wet fill	1	1	1	Subbase and hydraulically bound materials (HBM)
Geosystems to enable steeper side slopes	~	1	1	
Treat unsuitable materials for landscaping and soils manufacture	~	~	1	Pavements and footways – bituminous
Manufacture topsoil using PAS100 compost	~	1	1	
Remediation of contaminated soils	1	×	×	Pavements – concrete
Stabilise or isolate contaminated soils	1	×	×	
Geosystems to enable soft foundation soils to remain in-situ	~	1	~	
Ground improvement techniques to enable soft foundation soils to remain in-situ	~	>	~	Railways – ballast, sleepers and track
Tyre bales or other lightweight fill to enable soft foundation soils to remain in-situ	~	~	1	Piling, retaining walls and tunnels
Recycled aggregates and/or HBM for working platforms	1	1	1	A CONTRACTOR OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPT
Incorporate working platform into permanent works	1	1	~	Structures – concrete
Lime or cement to stabilise soils in-situ for use as capping	1	1	1	
Recycled aggregates for capping, structural backfill and slope repairs	~	~	1	Structures – steel
Geosynthetic and lime/cement with original soil for slope repairs	×	×	×	
Tyre bales for slope repairs	×	×	×	Ancillary structures
Vegetation to improve slope stability	1	1	~	





- > WRAP & Construction
- Scotland
- > Wales
- Northern Ireland
- Contacts and useful links

Designing out Waste Tools

Quantify benefits from addressing waste at the design stage in Buildings and Civil Engineering projects.

The Net Waste Tool

Quantify cost savings through waste reduction & recycling



Early contractor procurement guides

Guidance documents for clients on the benefits of procuring contractors early in the process; and how to work within European Union procurement > 23 Aug 10

Building firms set to benefit as BRE's SMARTWaste tool and WRAP's Waste to Landfill Reporting Portal join forces

> 16 Aug 10 Cutting the costs of waste in NHS construction: Advice for NHS





MLGD

> Quality

Quality Management Tool

Introduction to the Quality Management System

Quality Protocols

Aggregates Standards

Locate a Test House

- Opportunities
- → Specifier
- Supplier Directory
- Case Studies
- → Planning
- → Recycling Infrastructure
- Waste Management Regulations
- Demolition
- Procurement
- Sustainability

Home > The Quality Module Homepage

The Quality Module



Quality Management Tool A step-by-step guide to establishing a Quality Management System...



Introduction to the Quality Management System (QMS)

Why introduce a QMS and what is involved...

Quality Protocols

Overview and downloads of the Quality Protocols...



UKAS

Aggregates Standards Want to know more about the European & British standards....

Locate a Test House

Locate a test house offering aggregate testing services near you...



Content prepared by: C4S (incorporating Viridis)

Print friendly version

Quality Protocols Download WRAP's

Quality Protocols

Tell us what you think of this

Feedback

module...







Waste Management Regulations

Information on waste and recovery.

Faste Manageme WHIR Step by Step

Background Licensing & Exemptions

www.wrap.org.uk www.wrap.org.uk/construction http://aggregain.wrap.org.uk